English II

066

05 Nov. 2007

8.30 am-11.30 am

RWANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL



P.O.BOX 3817 KIGALI-TEL/FAX: 586871

ADVANCED LEVEL NATIONAL EXAMINATION 2007

SUBJECT : ENGLISH II

- AGRICOLE OPTIONS :

> **ARTS GRAPHIOUES BIOLOGIE-CHIMIE**

BIOLOGIE-CHIMIE + LATIN

CONSTRUCTION

DROIT ET ADMINISTRATION

ELECTRICITE

ELECTRONIQUE-INFORMATIQUE

ELECTRONIQUE TELECOMMUNICATION

FORESTIERE

HOTELLERIE

INFORMATIQUE

INFORMATIQUE ET GESTION

LABORATOIRE

MECANIQUE AUTOMOBILE

MECANIQUE GENERALE D'ENTRETIEN

MATH-PHYSIQUE

MATH-PHYSIQUE+LATIN

MENUISERIE

NORMALE PRIMAIRE

SCIENCES HUMAINES

SCIENCES INFIRMIERES

SCULPTURE CERAMIQUE

SECRETARIAL

SECRETARIAT

TEACHER TRAINING COURSE

TOURISME

TRAVAUX PUBLICS

VETERINAIRE

: 3 HOURS TIME

INSTRUCTIONS:

This paper has **THREE** Sections: A, B and C.

Section A: Reading Comprehension and Vocabulary.

Section B: Grammar and Phonology

Section C: Composition.

(30 marks) (45 marks)

(25 marks)

Text: The Boubou Billionnaires

There are only a handful of them, and they are all Togolese women. Together they control the most powerful and successful business in West Africa. Their fortunes are immense. They own bakery shops, supermarkets and restaurants. They buy property, villas and sometimes whole buildings; they have investments in the fishing and building industries. They own taxi and mini-cab companies. They make enormous amounts of money per day. They belong to a group known as the Nana Benz- the Boubou Billionnaires".

Until 1970, Ghanaian women controlled the boubou market. Around that time the economic situation in Ghana became unstable, and many companies transferred their business to Lomé. Togolese women traders, who had for some time been selling Ghanaian boubous for high prices in Lomé, decided on quick action. They took over the boubou trade and the Nana Benz were born.

Over the next twenty years, the Nana Benz became incredibly rich. Although they have no formal training in business, indeed some of the older Nana are illiterate and others had to take lessons to learn to count in French, they run their empires with great skill. These 'boubou queens' design all their own patterns. Factories in Europe and Africa then produce the cloth and sew the garments. The Nana do not need to advertise. Publicity is purely by word of mouth, and over the past twenty years the word has spread like wildfire. Thousands of their boubous are sold in markets throughout West Africa every day.

In the mornings, retailers and stall-holders flock to the homes of the Nana Benz, waiting patiently to buy some of the boubous stacked high in the courtyard. There is no credit. Cheques are never accepted. Buyers must pay for everything in cash. The richest retailers can choose what they want; the poorest have to accept the leftovers. And the Nana do all the business themselves. They're not too proud to deal with the man in the street.

The Nana Benz have great political influence – not just because they are rich and the heads of powerful empires. It is true that the president of Togo himself knows and admires these ladies. And it is also probably true that, if they wished, the Nana could paralyze the country. So the politicians depend on their advice and support. But more importantly, the Nana are admired by all levels of society for their loyalty and honesty. Through hard work, they have shown that it is possible for Africans to be successful in international business.

- 13. Find which alternative best expresses in the context of the story the meaning of the words in italics. (1 mark each)
 - i. ...they run their empires with great skills
 - a) a number of nations controlled by one government
 - b) a number of companies controlled by one person
 - c) a small business
 - ii. ...the poorest have to accept the left-overs
 - a) the most expensive boubous
 - b) the cheapest boubous
 - c) the boubous that nobody else wanted
 - iii. ...they have no formal training in business
 - a) knowledge
 - b) education
 - c) the ability to read and write
 - iv. ...the economic situation in Ghana became unstable
 - a) bad
 - b) good
 - c) successful
 - v. These "boubou queens" design all their own patterns.
 - a) piece of clothing
 - b) special kind of boubou
 - c) design of lines or shapes
 - 14. Complete the following sentences with the appropriate word. (5 marks)
 - i. He was born in Japan and he used to.....Japanese fluently when he was a child.
 - ii. Don't forget to.... "thank you" when you receive your prize.
 - iii. I took the photograph of the bride and the.... at their wedding.
 - iv. Wear your sweater; it is very.....outside.
 - v. He has been blind since birth, so he hasseen the beauty of flowers.

- 13. Find which alternative best expresses in the context of the story the meaning of the words in italics. (1 mark each)
 - i. ...they run their empires with great skills
 - a) a number of nations controlled by one government
 - b) a number of companies controlled by one person
 - c) a small business
 - ii. ...the poorest have to accept the left-overs
 - a) the most expensive boubous
 - b) the cheapest boubous
 - c) the boubous that nobody else wanted
 - iii. ...they have no formal training in business
 - a) knowledge
 - b) education
 - c) the ability to read and write
 - iv. ...the economic situation in Ghana became unstable
 - a) bad
 - b) good
 - c) successful
 - v. These "boubou queens" design all their own patterns.
 - a) piece of clothing
 - b) special kind of boubou
 - c) design of lines or shapes
- 14. Complete the following sentences with the appropriate word. (5 marks)
 - i. He was born in Japan and he used to.....Japanese fluently when he was a child.
 - ii. Don't forget to.... "thank you" when you receive your prize.
 - iii. I took the photograph of the bride and the... at their wedding.
 - iv. Wear your sweater; it is very.....outside.
 - v. He has been blind since birth, so he hasseen the beauty of flowers.

SECTION B: Grammar and Phonology (45 marks)

Grammar (35 marks)

		ate word to comp		ence.	(5 marks)	
i.	a) beat	teamby the vis b) was beat		c) was beat	ing	
ii.	He is an exp	perienced driver, h b) uses	neto drivin	ng at night. c) is used		
iii.	He had to re a) didn't	esign in disgrace, b) hadn't	he? c) isn't			
iv.	When I went to Rita's room, she her homework, so she wouldn't talk to me.					
v.	a) did Musa lived : a) during	b) has donehereten yearsb) since			e.	
vi.	He didn't gr a) neither	reet me; did he b) so	e offer me a s	seat.		
vii.		n. Youyour uave brought b) no			n't have	
viii.	Have you coa) to enter	onsideredthe b) enter	competition c) entering			
ix.	the morning			an't forget to	collect it in	
		b) of putting				
х.	Aisha is always complaining that she hassmart clothes to wear for parties.					
	a) a little	b) few	c) a few			
16. Comple	ete these sen	tences using the g	given verbs in	n their form.	(5 marks	
	They wouldn't have gone swimming if theythe water was so					
ii.	cold. (know) Last night they broadcasted a song on the radio that I(never hear) before.					
iii.		(grow) so much t	hat she's no	w taller than	I am.	

iv.	I'm feeling ill. I think I must(eat) something that does with me.	n't agree
v.	The accused man admitted being in the area at the time, denied (enter) the house.	but
17. Finish exactly	each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.	S LO marks)
i.	I hadn't any change, so I couldn't telephone you. If I'd	
ii.	'Don't get so excited, John,' she said. She told John	
iii.	"How much did you pay for your new coat?" she asked Ja She asked	ane. //
iv.	He said he hadn't stolen the money. He denied	
v.	He went out in spite of the rain. Although	
mean	are scrambled sentences. Rearrange the words so that you ingful sentence. Do not make any changes or additions to twords.	obtain a he given [10 marks]
i.	This child/ for three weeks/ from home/ has been missing.	(2 marks)
ii.	Tom/ brown eyes/ about 1.70 m tall/ is/ and / has.	(2 marks)
iii.	The exam/ supposed/ what time is/ to finish?	(2 marks)
iv.	I was/ a reply to my letter/ to receive/ before now/ hoping	
a San Vander	Illness/ your father's/ was/ I / very sorry/ to hear about.	(2 marks

19. Fill in with the right preposit	ion.
-------------------------------------	------

(5 marks)

i. What are you laughing.....?

ii. Doctors are still searching for the cause....the infection.

iii. He shouted.....the boy who quickly picked.....his school bag and ran away.

iv. The effect of pollution...our environment is not taken seriously by some companies.

Phonology (10 marks)

v. a) page

20.	One in each of the underlined vowel sounds is pronounced	differently
	from the three others. Choose the letter corresponding to it.	(5 marks)

i. a) heat b) ship c) eat d) these ii. a) ten b) dead d) knew c) debt iii. a) good c) room b) put d) foot iv. a) hood c) blood b) sun d) cup

b) weigh

21. One in each of the underlined consonant sounds is pronounced differently from the three others. Choose the letter corresponding to it. (3 marks)

c) same

d) height

i. a) <u>ch</u>urch
b) <u>ch</u>ild
c) ri<u>ch</u>
d) ma<u>ch</u>ine
ii. a) leisure
b) measure
c) use
d) vision
iii. a) <u>th</u>en
b) <u>th</u>in
c) al<u>th</u>ough
d) <u>th</u>us

22. One word in each set is stressed differently from the three others.

Choose the letter corresponding to it. (2 marks)

i. a) argument b) announcement c) maintenance d) talkativeii. a) messenger b) professor c) suspicion d) mosquitoes

SECTION C: Composition (25 marks)

Write a composition of no more than 200 words on one of the following topics?

- 23. Imagine our country Rwanda in the year 2050. How will it be different from today?
- 24. Write a composition describing a market in your village or town.
- 25. Imagine that you have been appointed president of the World Bank. How will you use your position to bring progress to Africa?